

Gettysburg Compiler

98th YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1916

NO. 47

GETTYSBURG CHATAUQUA

ON HAND WITH SEVEN JOYOUS DAYS

Filled With Messages to Help Us Through the Long Summer Days.

For the sixth year the Gettysburg Chautauqua will entertain, educate, enthuse and inspire for seven joyous days. The start will be made on Friday, July 14. There will be entertainments every afternoon and evening and a Junior Chautauqua in the morning. Chautauqua is one of the messages that keeps a community up-to-date. The program could not be more attractive. The Chautauqua tent will be on the Academy grounds between the new building and observatory.

Friday, July 14—Afternoon.

The Choir Boys—Bright American boys from the choirs of the greater Boston churches. Program of two distinct features. "The Angelus," presented with special scenery and the vestments, introduces secular and sacred songs; the other half, the interesting, cheery songs so dear to the American boy.

Evening.

The Choir Boys. Dr. Lincoln Wirt—"The Conquest of the Arctic"—Dr. Wirt has a human-interest story to tell of the most thrilling kind. Nearly twenty years ago when the Alaska craze was on, he was one of those who went to the "frozen north," keeping step with the advance guard of civilization in those uncivilized communities.

"The Conquest of the Arctic" tells this tale. It covers three years of life, adventure and exploration by canoe, snow-shoes and dog-train in the lands bordering the circum-polar sea.

Saturday, July 15—Afternoon.

Victor's Band—Conductor, Signor Lacerenza. High grade music, classical and popular—brilliance and dash.

Venetian Troubadours, Italian folk songs, guitar and mandolin accompaniment.

Evening.

Victor's Band. Rosani—Rosani lives in topsy-turvy land. Plates, balls, whips, bottles, hats and swords, all defy the laws of gravity when Rosani touches them. His rapid-fire manipulations and balancing stunts afford no end of unique entertainment. For the time being, all ideas of natural laws of the universe are forgotten.

Sunday, July 16.

A special program will be given in the morning, at which one of the town pastors will preach. The sermon of the evening will be by a Chautauqua lecturer. The music will be by Victor's Band. The general public is most cordially invited to this service. There will be no admission charged. A free will offering will be taken.

Monday, July 17—Afternoon.

Schubert String Quartet—A high-grade string quartet. Interpret classical music in a way to make it pleasing to everybody. Present a classical program, but so perfectly interpreted that it is extremely popular. Inspiring breadth of style, wonderful tenderness and charm.

Evening.

Schubert String Quartet. Dr. Thomas E. Green—"The Burden of the Nations."—Traveler, author, lecturer, gifted by nature with unusual grace and poise, past-master in the use of the English language, builder of sentences that rise crest on crest, sustained in his oratory as in his dictation. Dr. Thomas E. Green creates enthusiasm among his auditors wherever he goes.

Tuesday, July 18—Afternoon.

Strollers Quartet—No better known quartet. Program includes best and only the best. Singing, impersonation, instrumental music, bell ringing.

Evening.

Strollers Quartet. "Happiness," by Helen Davis—A Chautauqua morality play, presented by the college players.

Wednesday, July 19—Afternoon.

Bijou Trio—Singers, every one; each an artist in technique, harmony, color, and expression.

Program of Opera and Neapolitan Folk Songs in costume; songs in straight concert form, solos, duets, quartets, etc.; pantomimes and piano solos.

Evening.

Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, "Makers of America."—Some towns sometimes say of some lecturers, even good ones: "We have had him here before; please send us some one else." All towns always say of Dr. Cadman: "We have had him here before; by all means send him here again." Cadman is the greatest "repeater" on the circuit. He has return dates everywhere. The only man who did not raise his hand last year, voting for his return, had had both arms shot off.

Thursday, July 20—Afternoon.

Concert by Members of "The Mikado" Company, Martha Keeler, "City Struck."—The lecture to be

given at Chautauqua on the last afternoon is by Martha Keeler, one of the most popular writers on the contributing staff of "The Ladies' Home Journal" and "Good Housekeeping." She will lecture in place of Dr. Waters.

Evening.

The Mikado—This Gilbert and Sullivan classic is known to everybody, but few have seen it, and those lucky few want to see it again. The famous songs, "The Flowers that Bloom in the Spring," "Hearts Do Not Break," "Tit-Willow," and many others from the "Mikado," are familiar. Best music, best comedy, and best entertainment. The production of the "Mikado" is under the direction of George V. C. Lord, of Boston, Schubert Stage Manager and Director of the famous "Hasty Pudding Plays" at Harvard. Special costumes have been made, and special scenery painted. The biggest Chautauqua feature yet attempted.

WEDDINGS.

Grove—Greenawalt—At the bride's home in Chambersburg, Miss Gail Greenawalt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dawson Greenawalt, and Dr. Newman C. Grove were married Thursday morning of last week by Rev. J. C. Nicholas. The bride is a sister of Mrs. John W. Brehm, Broadway, Gettysburg, and has been a frequent visitor here. The groom is a well known dentist of his town. Dr. and Mrs. Grove went on a honeymoon trip to Niagara Falls and as far west as Michigan. They will take up their residence in Chambersburg in about two weeks.

McBeth—Showers—At the Lutheran parsonage in Bendersville, June Roth, Rev. W. D. E. Scott united in marriage Guy G. McBeth of Bendersville, and Miss Eva L. Showers of Wencksville.

Hartman—Livingston—Miss Fanie C. Livingston, of Philadelphia, and Dr. George Willis Hartman of Harrisburg, were quietly married in the St. John's Reformed Church last Thursday morning by Dr. Hartman's brother, the Rev. Stewart Hartman of Littlestown, assisted by the Rev. G. W. Hartman, pastor of the St. John's Reformed Church. Miss Livingston, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Livingston, is a member of a prominent Newville family, where her parents lived before moving to Philadelphia. Dr. Hartman is a prominent physician and surgeon and owner of the Keystone Hospital.

Myers—Ingham—Miss Eunice Ingham of Laporte, Pa., and John E. Myers of Camp Hill, were married at the home of the bride, in Laporte, last Friday morning. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the immediate families. Miss Ingham was an instructor of drawing, writing, and music in the Camp Hill and Lemoyne public schools last year. Mr. Myers is an attorney, and engaged in business in Lemoyne. He is a son of Robert L. Myers, a former citizen of Reading township, this county.

Storm—Staub—Miss Blanche M. Staub, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Staub of New Oxford and Edmond Storm, son of Francis Storm, of near Irishtown, were married Wednesday morning at nuptial mass at seven o'clock in the Immaculate Conception Church, New Oxford, by Rev. Mark Stock, pastor. They were attended by Miss Ella Staub of New Oxford, a sister of the bride and Ralph Groff of Irishtown. The bride was becomingly attired in a white silk gown covered with crepe-de-chine. She wore a veil wreathed by lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid wore a fetching gown of Nile green silk. The bridal party spent the day at Chambersburg and Caledonia Park. A wedding reception was held Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Storm will reside at the home of the bride's parents until fall when they will go to housekeeping in New Oxford. Mr. Storm is an employee of the Livingstone Shoe Factory.

Stair—Duffy—Miss Helen Duffy of Beale's Lane, Md., and William Stair of Huntingdon, a member of last year's Gettysburg baseball team, were recently married.

Beitman—Coyle—On June 22, Thos. Hamilton Beitman, a son of Mrs. Melissa H. Beitman of Baltimore, and the late Samuel H. Beitman of York Springs, and Miss Anna Shirely Coyle, daughter of Mrs. Evelyn S. Coyle, were married in Pittsburgh in Lincoln Avenue M. E. Church, East End, by Rev. J. B. Rick. After a two weeks' honeymoon they returned to Pittsburgh to make their home where the groom is engaged in the publishing business.

New Teacher.

At a meeting of the School Board on Thursday evening Miss Alice Miller, Stratton street, was elected a teacher in the High Street building in place of Miss Rachel Scott, resigned. A new arrangement of teachers in this building has been made. Miss Blanche Stoops will take the primary school and Miss Alice Miller the second grade school. Miss Stoops had been teaching. J. Guy Wolf becomes principal of the building. The schools will open on the first Monday of September.

WANTED: Six experienced peach packers. State wages; give references. Apply WILSON E. SCHMICK, Hamburg, Pa.

FOR GREATER GETTYSBURG

MONEY HAS BEEN RAISED TO PAY FOR NEW ACADEMY.

Treasurer Picking Will Give Entire Time to College Work—New Professors.

President W. A. Granville of Gettysburg College in the past week has made several announcements showing that a Greater Gettysburg College is overcoming difficulties and forging ahead.

Gifts aggregating \$6500 were received by President Granville on last Friday. This amount completes the amount necessary to pay for the new academy building on Carlisle street. The names of the donors are withheld from publication upon their own requests.

Work is being pushed on the new academy building to have it in readiness at opening of college. The massive pillars for the portico facing Carlisle street have been erected and a better idea of the handsome structure it will be obtained.

The campaign for building funds will be continued for the program inaugurated several years ago included a science hall. The Woman's League is working for funds for a Y. M. C. A. building and both these buildings can be looked for in the early future. The financial building program planned calls for about \$100,000 to be raised.

The financing of the institution has grown to such proportions as to need the entire time of the treasurer of the institution. H. C. Picking for the past eleven years discount teller at the Gettysburg National Bank.

resigned his position in the bank to

devote his entire time to the duties of treasurer of Gettysburg College. He will have an office on the campus so as to be able to be in closer touch with the students and the duties of collecting tuition. He will also be given the duties of purchasing agent for the college and have general supervision over the buildings and property of the College. Mr. Picking has been the treasurer of College for a number of years, since 1894, upon death of the former treasurer, A. D. Buehler. He is a native of Adams county and graduated from Gettysburg College in the class of 1890. He was a medical student at University of Pennsylvania for two years and gave up his studies and taught for some years in private schools in Bethlehem and Haddonfield, N. J. He has held the position of Broadwater of Butler township. Funeral services were held Friday at Bender's Church Cemetery.

David B. Hewitt, a prominent citizen of Bendersville, died at the City Hospital, Harrisburg, last Thursday, aged 68 years, 4 months and 7 days. Mr. Hewitt was stricken with apoplexy last Ascension Day. He was under treatment in Bendersville for several weeks and about three weeks ago was taken to the hospital. Mr. Hewitt followed the occupation of a huckster for many years and was widely known and respected by a big circle of acquaintances in this and neighboring counties. He served as postmaster of Bendersville for a number of years and was in many ways active in the affairs of that borough. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias of Arendtsville. He lived about ten years of his life in Massachusetts, returning here about five years ago. He is survived by one son, George Hewitt of Philadelphia, and two brothers and one sister, Zacharias Hewitt of Iowa.

Jacob Hewitt of near Bonneauville, and Mrs. Ordorff of near Gettysburg. The body was removed to Bendersville on Friday by automobile by Undertakers G. R. Rountzahn & Son, and interment was made in the Bendersville Cemetery.

John C. Gangwisch died at his home in Pittsburgh Wednesday of last week from a stroke of paralysis. He was aged about 85 years. Mr. Gangwisch was a veteran of the Civil War and fought in the Battle of Gettysburg with the 106th Pennsylvania Volunteers. Later being taken prisoner he spent more than six months in Andersonville Prison. He leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter. One of the sons is George W. Gangwisch, proprietor of the Wabash Hotel. The news was sent to him of the death of his father but the message failed to reach him and it was not until Monday morning a special delivery letter brought him the news. The funeral was held on Saturday.

Mrs. Mary V. Noel, wife of I. A. Noel, Bonneauville, died last Saturday aged 64 years, 9 months and 10 days. Mrs. Noel had been suffering from affections of heart and kidneys for the past year, her condition becoming serious within the past week. Mrs. Noel's maiden name was Martin. She was born in Baltimore and spent the earlier days of her life in Montreal, Canada. She was married to Mr. Noel in La Salle, Ill., in 1886, and since then has lived in Bonneauville. Funeral was on Tuesday morning, services in St. Joseph's Church, conducted by Rev. Fr. Shanahan, in interment in St. Joseph's Cemetery.

Tobias H. Fleshman, a retired farmer of Mt. Pleasant township, died last Saturday near McSherrystown, after a seven weeks' illness from hardening of the arteries, aged 74 years, 7 months and 1 day. He was a son of the late John and Catherine Fleshman of Mt. Pleasant township. He has been a resident of Adams county his entire life, having followed farming in Mt. Pleasant township up to 1888 when he retired and the family moved to Midway. Mr. Fleshman was a man of sterling worth, beloved by his neighbors and respected by every one who came in contact with him. His deep human sympathies and his kindly and lovable nature endeared him to all whose privilege it was to know him. He married Salome Marshall of Oxford township, who survives with six daughters, Madame Fleshman of Sacred Heart Convent, Rochester, N. Y., Sister Saint Rita of St. Peter's Mission, Montana; Mrs. Clement Ling and Mrs. Leona Glass of Oxford township, Mrs. Blanche Altland and Mrs. Amy Pohlman of Mt. Pleasant township, and three sons, Francis of Silvia, Ill., Peter F. of Oxford township and Fabian at home. Three sis-

ters.

DEATH LIST OF THE WEEK.

Tuberculosis Claims a Gettysburg Woman.

Mrs. Elizabeth Homan, wife of Theodore Homan, died at her home on West Middle street, on Monday night after a lingering illness of tuberculosis, aged 61 years, 11 months and 9 days. Mrs. Homan was Miss Elizabeth Kitzmiller. She was born and lived her entire life in Gettysburg, always residing in the same house. She was a woman of many estimable qualities, and was an active and consistent member of the Methodist Church. She is survived by her husband and the following children: Mrs. B. F. Dull of Quincy, Mrs. Margaret Phillips at home, Rev. Homan of Altoona, Herman Homan of Harrisburg, Ivan Homan of Hanover, and Miss Nellie Homan of McSherrystown. Funeral was on Thursday morning conducted by Dr. R. S. Oyler, of the Methodist Church, interment in Evergreen Cemetery.

Rev. Dr. William K. Zieber, the oldest clergyman of the Reformed Church in America and for many

years prominent in its councils, died at his home in Hanover Wednesday evening having reached the remarkable age of 91 years. Dr. Zieber was born at Reading, Pa., and during his activity as a pastor, served congregations in Easton, Pa., Tiffin, Ohio, and Emmanuel Church, Hanover, being pastor at the latter charge for a period of twenty-three years. He graduated from the Eastern Seminary formerly at Mercersburg now at Lancaster in the class of 1851. The veteran preacher figured prominently in Hanover during the Civil War, when he was pastor there. He read Lincoln's call to arms from his pulpit and an attempt was made to bar him from Leshey's Church, near there, for expressing Union sentiments. It was during the battle of Hanover, June 30, 1863, that Dr. Zieber was consulted by Generals Kilpatrick and Custer and that night officiated at the funeral of the cavalrymen killed there. Dr. Zieber and the late Henry J. Stahle, editor and proprietor of The Compiler for 50 years were most devoted friends, spending their summer vacation together at the famous "Brough's" of those days in Franklin township. Dr. Zieber leaves four children, three daughters and one son, Misses Annie, Blanche and Bertha, and Paul Zieber. The funeral will be on Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Singmaster and son who have been visiting Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Diehl, have gone to Eagles Mere to spend some time.

—Mrs. Rowe Stewart and sons of Germantown are visiting at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Diehl, Baltimore street.

—Mrs. Marie E. Richard has returned to her home on Springs avenue after spending several months on her sugar beet plantation at Crook, Colorado.

—Mrs. Virginia Crist has returned to her home in Pleasantville, N. J., after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Dorsay Dougherty at their home on Bailey street.

—Oran Riggs, son of Mrs. Lorena Riggs, has successfully passed the examination and has been accepted as a member of Troop D, of the State Constabulary, stationed at Butler, Pa.

—Mr. and Mrs. U. F. White have returned to their home in Salisbury, Md., after a visit with relatives in town. They made the trip by automobile and were accompanied home by Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Troxell and daughter who will be their guests for two weeks.

—Miss Cora Topper, Baltimore street, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Asper at their home at Asper's Station.

—Miss Helen Bryan and Miss Monday who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Redding near town, have returned to their homes in Philadelphia.

—Mrs. E. A. Crouse and daughter of Broadwater are spending several weeks at Cape May, N. J.

—Mr. and Mrs. Paul Basehoar and family who have been visiting relatives in town, have returned to their home in Philadelphia.

—Mrs. S. M. Richards of Allentown is the guest of her sister, Miss E. M. McClean at her home on East Middle street.

—Harry J. Rupp, West Middle street, and granddaughter Miss Caroline Rupp, East Middle street, spent this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rupp in Hagerstown.

—Miss Laura Spangler, Baltimore street, is spending some time at Atlantic City.

—Miss Vergie Musser, East Middle street, is spending this week at the home of her aunt in Baltimore.

—Mrs. R. Lee Tipton is a patient in the Harrisburg Hospital. She was accompanied to that place by her daughter Mrs. A. C. Swisher of Sedgwick.

—Miss Helen Musselman, Baltimore street is visiting friends in York.

—Mrs. John Geiselman and sons of Hanover are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Geiselman, East Middle street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Smith have returned to their home in Fort Madison, Iowa, after spending several weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Johns, Steinwehr Ave.

—Mrs. Rachel Gobrecht has gone to Baltimore to spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. Jennie Coleman. Mrs. Gobrecht will visit in several other places before returning.

—Miss Goldie Widder has returned to her home on West Middle St. after spending several weeks at Mt. Gretna where she had a position in the Bell Telephone exchange at the Milit

ARENDSVILLE.

J. Guyon Wierman of Arendtsville has enlisted in Co. D., 1st Regt. National Guard, 1st Brigade. The farmers are very busy making hay and cutting grain; both crops are up to the average in this section.

Messrs. Geo. E. Hoffman and A. F. Trostle have sold an unusually large lot of farm implements and farm wagons this season.

H. Hartman, Gilbert Miller, Myron Krouse, Clair Jacobs, Edward Schlosser and John Rice, who were employed in a large steel plant in Baltimore, spent the 4th in the homes of their parents in this place.

Jacob Cashman of Waynesboro

was a recent visitor in the home of his sister, Mrs. Henry Little, in this place.

David Thomas, Esq., and wife Saturday and Sunday visited in the home of John Bear near York Springs. Mr. Bear is a brother of Mrs. Thomas.

Mr. and Mrs. Mc Eicholtz and son

Robert and Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Sheely motored to York last Sunday.

A. R. Golden and son George of Pittsburgh were recent visitors in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. G. Plank and Dr. S. E. Lower and wife of the same place are visiting in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dorsey Lower; they came in Dr. Lower's motor car.

Luther Lady and sister Mary have

returned to their home from the West Chester State Normal School.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey E. Freed and their two children of Philadelphia are visitors in the home of Mrs. Aaron Freed, the former's mother.

P.

Heavy Fire Loss.

By the destruction by fire on June 20th of the Hobson Storage Ware

house in New York City, the entire

household furniture and goods of Mr.

and Mrs. S. F. Lehman of this place

were lost. They had stored in the

place all Mrs. Lehman's beautiful

wedding gifts, all her linens and

household articles accumulated for

years. The building was considered

so fire proof that patrons were told

no insurance was needed, but Mr.

Lehman had been carrying some

which, however, far from compen-

sates the loss, as many of the articles

could not be replaced at any cost.

York Springs Property in Equity.

M. Minerva Deardorff, wife of An-

THONY Deardorff of York Springs,

filed a bill in equity in the court of

Common Pleas of Adams County last

week against George H. Trostle, for-

merly associate judge of the county,

of same place. It is alleged that cer-

tain land was conveyed by George A.

Trimmer, deceased, to Judge Trostle

as security for certain obligations

and that these obligations having

been paid by Mrs. Deardorff, she is

entitled to the property, having been

willed the same by her first husband,

Geo. A. Trimmer.

Recalling His Army Days.

R. D. Roth of Mummasburg was a

caller at this office this week. Mr.

Roth is reading with great interest

Or his attorney,

Wm. Arch. McClean.

these days the Mexican news and recalled the years from 1869 to 1882 he spent in the regular army on the frontier, along the Rio Grande and the troubles had in those days with Indians, Greasers and the like. In his opinion in the event of hostilities with Mexico there will be no battle, but skirmishes and bushwacking, Indian warfare.

CHAUTAUQUA ATTRACTIONS

Friday, July 14.

The Boston Choir Boys—Two concerts, afternoon and evening. Dr. Lincoln Wirt will lecture on "The Conquest of the Arctic."

Saturday, July 15.

Victor's Band—Two concerts, afternoon and evening. Rosani, Prince of Jugglers.

Sunday, July 16.

Special program.

Monday, July 17.

Schubert String Quartet, two concerts.

Dr. Thomas Green will lecture on "The Burden of the Nations."

Tuesday, July 18.

The Strollers Quartet—two concerts.

College Players in Morality Play, "Happiness."

Wednesday, July 19.

Bijou Trio—two concerts. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman will lecture on "Makers of America."

Thursday, July 20.

Junior Play, Mikado, the biggest Chautauqua feature yet attempted in evening, and same entertainers give an afternoon concert.

Hunt Cook will be the superintendent and lecture on "Literary Hearth Stones," especially of Lanier, Kipling, Emerson and others.

Junior Chautauqua begins immediately after the first afternoon's program.

York Springs Race Track.

The York Springs race track will be opened with a matinee on Saturday, July 15, and prospects are good for a representative entry of the fast horses of that district. Running and pacing races are promised, also a foot race and a baseball game.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with will annexed, on the estate of Adam C. Miller, late of the Township of Reading, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

W. C. WEAVER,
Administrator,
Hampton,
Adams Co., Pa.

Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

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MAY 1916



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NOTICE.

The first and final account of The Citizens' Trust Company, trustee of fund for use of Susan Armor, now deceased, under will of Charles Armor, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, has been filed in my office and will be presented to an Orphans' Court of Adams County for confirmation absolute on June 19, 1916.

W. D. SHEELY,
Clerk O. C.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of H. Albert Fissel, late of the Township of Huntington, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

OLIVE E. FISSEL,
Executrix.

Or her attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

SPRING 1916

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It's our business to know all about this Pacific Slope country. **Sunset Magazine** is the one big national magazine, reflecting the life of this country and giving accurate information concerning its growth and development. Send 10 cents for a sample copy of **Sunset Magazine** and write us a letter asking for whatever information you desire concerning any state in the West.

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50¢ UP

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(BRIEN JO-LEE)
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are possible if you will wear a scientifically constructed
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The great French perfume, winner of highest international awards. Each drop as sweet and fragrant as the living Lilac blossom. A celebrated connoisseur said: "I don't see how you can sell such a remarkable perfume for 75 cents a bottle"—and remember each bottle contains 6 oz.—it is wonderful value. Try it. Ask your dealer today for ED. PINAUD'S LILAC. For 10 cents our American offices will send you a testing bottle. Write today.

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A Skin Like Velvet smooth, clear, free of wrinkles

Use the exquisitely fragrant cream of the beauty flower of India and be complimented on your complexion. Your dealer has Eleya or will get it.

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Cholera Infantum Can Be Prevented.

Do not allow your baby to suffer when
DR. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

Will be shipped to you in bottles every day. Cures Colic in ten minutes. Remedy for teething is easy. Can be given to babies one day old. Retail price 25¢ to 35¢ at druggists. Trial bottle free to you.

DR. FAHRNEY & SON, Hackettstown, N. J.

At Boarding School.
It was in the dining room of a certain boarding school for young ladies. The place had a reputation of giving pretty poor grub, and the girls never lost an opportunity to rap it one way or the other if the opportunity presented itself.

The other morning at breakfast Miss Jones, the most popular girl in the school, as well as the biggest joker, suddenly surprised everybody by remarking, "Oh, dear me, are we all here?"

"Why, certainly," replied the dignified matron. And she proceeded to count all the girls and call the roll. "Every one is here; no one is missing."

"Then I feel very much relieved," replied the sly one, with a wink at the other girls. "I see by the morning paper that a human skeleton was found in the outskirts of this city."

There was a chorus of giggles from the girls, and the matron indignantly rapped for order.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Liszt and Leipzig.

After young Felix Weingartner had finished his work at the Leipzig conservatory he went, as was the fashion at that time, to present himself to Franz Liszt at Weimar. Now, Leipzig, conservative in music then, as it is today, had never received the works of Franz Liszt with sufficient warmth to please him. In fact, Leipzig had shown itself quite unfriendly toward his compositions, and the great master of the piano resented it. Weingartner was presented.

"Charmed," said Liszt. "Where have you studied?"

"At Leipzig, meister," replied Weingartner.

"Leipzig, Leipzig?" said Liszt, as if he had difficulty in recalling the city, which, as a matter of fact is only two or three hours away. "Oh, yes!" and the light of remembrance came into his eyes. "That's a fine place to take breakfast when you're on the way from here to Dresden."

Earliest School Books.

Among the discoveries in the archaeological excavations in ancient Babylonia are some stone tablets believed to have been used as schoolbooks in the first regular school ever held in the world. They are in the collection of the University of Pennsylvania.

These prehistoric text books have marks proving that they were used in a school conducted in a temple in Nippur more than 2,300 years B. C. This school is known to have been in existence at least 1,000 years, and no records have yet been found to indicate the existence of any preceding it. The tablets contain notes upon several sciences, evidently made upon the stone surface by a stylus. Several of them contain two forms of characters, indicating that the pupils attempted to copy the work of the teacher.

His Narrow Escape.

First Traveler—So you have returned from Africa? Have any narrow escapes?

Second Traveler—Only one—a regular prize winner, I should think.

First Traveler—Let me hear it.

Second Traveler—Well, I was chased by a big lion, and, having no cartridges left, I threw away my rifle and faced the brute. But as he sprang at me I caught him by the lower jaw with one hand and by the nose with the other. And there I stood and held his mouth wide open until he starved to death. A narrow escape, eh?—Exchange.

Old Seville.

Seville, one of the oldest cities of Spain, was a place of importance under Rome and later was the Moorish capital during the eleventh century. It was the country's chief commercial port when the new world was discovered and rose to great prosperity on profits from the Spanish main.

Ambiguous.

"Alice, if I told you that I loved you dearly, that there was no other girl in all the world for me, would you promise to be mine?"

"Would you mind telling me first whether that is a proposal or a hypothetical question?"—Florida Times-Union.

How Could He?

Aunt—You will never learn how to manage your money, Karl. Nephew—Can you wonder at it, auntie? My acquaintance with it is always so short.

—Fliegende Blätter.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Bunions.

Bunions are usually due to wearing shoes and stockings which are too short for the feet. The proper treatment of a bunion is to straighten the bones of the foot. This can be done by wearing loose shoes and stockings and by wearing a pad between the great toe and the next. Every night the feet should be soaked in water hot as can be borne for ten minutes, then when dry, rubbed with a mixture of equal parts of turpentine and sweet oil. The pain in a bunion is greatly relieved by soaking the foot in a hot saturated solution of epsom salts.

Sometimes when the condition of swelling and great enlargement of the toe has existed for a long time it is better to have a good surgeon operate upon the toe. It is well, however, to try home treatment for awhile before resorting to surgical measures.

Without an Effort.

Jack—Did your friend, Miss Howler, ever teach high C? Maud—Yes, one day at the dentist's. I believe she did.—Boston Transcript.

Even the man who thinks he knows it all may change his mind after he gets married.—Philadelphia Record.

FLORAL ARISTOCRATS.

Orchids Are Not Parasites, and It is Difficult to Raise Them.

Aristocrats of the flower kingdom—and probably the least understood. You hear them called parasites, which is only one of the common mistakes made about the orchid. You see a hundred different shapes and a dozen different colors grouped together, each shape perhaps a distinct family and each with a separate name.

In the first place, orchids are not parasites. A parasitical plant is one which gets nourishment from another plant. Certain orchids live on trees, but they get their food and drink from the air by means of aerial roots. We call them epiphytes. Other orchids get their nourishment directly from the ground. They're called terrestrial orchids.

People don't understand, either why orchids cost so much. They fail to see why a tiny plant is sold for say, \$1,000. If they realized that rare orchids may have cost a long trip into a tropical jungle to obtain and that it takes from eight to ten years to raise a plant from the seed, with patient care and treatment, they could see why these flowers remain in the aristocratic class.

Only the orchid grower can understand all the details of his art, but the flower lover can easily learn to distinguish the various types.—Philadelphia North American.

THIS FISH IS A BUTCHER.

And He Carries His Saw In His Ugly Mouth at All Times.

Moral of this fish story is: The value of anything depends on how it is used. A safety match used to light a beacon lamp and another match used to set fire to a city have widely separated ranks in the realm of utility. On the same principle of values the sawfish belongs near the bottom rank in the ocean kingdom.

His saw, the presence of which you may have guessed already, consists of a long, beaklike mouth decorated with many sharp, firm spines. It varies in length with the size of the fish, some monsters twenty feet long carrying saws six feet long and a foot wide.

A saw, like a match, varies in value according to the way it is used. That's where the sawfish makes a fizzle of life. Think how much good he could accomplish by using his saw on harbors choked up with weeds, channels blocked with logs and lagoons crowded with trees and undergrowth.

Instead of a carpenter, a road builder, a farmer, the sawfish becomes a butcher. He swishes his saw this way and that quite recklessly and cuts up smaller fish into steaks and sausages; then he eats the pieces.—Philadelphia North American.

The Better Ways.

Let it be said once for all that it is better for both body and soul to be obliged to go hungry sometimes than to be full always; it is wholesomer to be weary frequently from hard work than to keep on a dead level of comfort or to know weariness only from the spinning dance and the daily pleasure; it is cleaner to be dusty and bathed in the blood and sweat of battle than to be so sheltered as not to know the meaning of a hand to hand conflict with a real problem or fierce temptation; it is grander to break the shackles of exclusiveness and walk free in the dinny city of social unpopularity than to be the idol of men and women who do not count for, but rather against, the progress of the race.—From "The Inspiration of Responsibility," by Bishop Charles H. Brent.

Meteors.

Meteors had an unusual influence on the Greeks and Romans, who in a way worshiped the falling bodies of luminosity. It is declared that the Palladium of Troy and the image of Diana at Ephesus were erected to meteors. At times the fall of these mysterious strangers has been accompanied by disastrous results, for it is on record in China that ten persons have been struck and killed by them. The Smithsonian Institution has among its meteoric collections one which weighs in the neighborhood of 500 pounds, whose composition is nearly pure nickel.

There have been discovered by chemical analysis twenty-nine elements in meteors, all of which are found on and in the earth.

Cats and Needles.

Cats seem to have a habit of swallowing needles. When a cat is brought to a veterinary hospital suffering with a cough the doctor always looks for a needle. In one instance Dr. Childs of New York operated on a cat to remove what he thought was an ordinary needle. He found a harpin nine inches long. But the cat's life was saved.

Popular Science Monthly.

The Modern Mosses.

"What's your idea of a party leader?" "A party leader," replied Senator Borgham. "Is a man who finds out what the people want." "And then gives it to them?" "Not promises it."—Washington Star.

Pleasant Words.

Poet—I seek a phrase that shall express the joy of life in two words. Can you suggest anything? Unfeeling Friend—Received payment!—Judge.

Without an Effort.

Jack—Did your friend, Miss Howler, ever teach high C? Maud—Yes, one day at the dentist's. I believe she did.—Boston Transcript.

Even the man who thinks he knows it all may change his mind after he gets married.—Philadelphia Record.

Highway in East 100 Per Cent Perfect

It is surprising that the people of the eastern part of the United States do not appreciate the beauties and advantages of their own section. In a recent inspection trip over the Lincoln Highway from New York to Pittsburgh, in the official Lincoln Highway Stutz, made by officers of the Lincoln Highway Association, including A. F. Bement, Secretary, H. C. Ostermann, Field Secretary, and Mr. C. M. Reiling, Lancaster County Consul for the Association, it was brought out that the Lincoln Highway's eastern section, at least that part from Trenton, N. J., to 400 miles to Pittsburgh, Pa., is practically 100 per cent. perfect, and is as efficient a road as can possibly be laid out between the two points.

Starting from New York, the tourist at present encounters some comparatively poor road conditions in eastern New Jersey, which will be taken care of before the season is over. After passing Trenton, however, the tourist can look forward to an uninterrupted series of macadamized, bricked and concrete roads forming the Lincoln Highway through to the Pennsylvania-Ohio line. Not only is the trans-state road in Pennsylvania kept up to the highest state of perfection by the State Highway Department, and the counties through which it passes, but the scenery which it traverses through the Alleghenies is magnificent, and while differing from the wild and rugged beauty of the Rockies and the Sierras, it has a charm all its own.

In commenting on his recent inspection trip, Mr. Bement said:

"The Lincoln Highway in Pennsylvania is a wonderful exposition of what the Association is striving for along the line. It is impossible for a road to be better than the Lincoln Highway across Pennsylvania. Telephone poles, fences and projecting rocks are whitewashed, the grass is clipped to the road's edge, and no advertising signs of any description mar the beauty of the view. The surprising thing is to note the number of Pennsylvanians who have never made the wonderful drive from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh and yet have toured California. I know of no view from the Lincoln Highway in California which surpasses that to be obtained from a point known as Grand View near Bedford, Pa., where the Highway circles around a high point of rock, and the tourist is treated to a panorama of the smiling valleys and wooded mountain ranges of three states, the Blue Ridge Mountains of Virginia in the distance, and nearer, the rolling hills of Maryland and Pennsylvania. For miles across the state one can see the road winding on ahead like a white ribbon, and the temptation to speed is almost unconquerable. The State Highway Department of Pennsylvania, road commissioners in the different counties through which the Lincoln Highway passes, and the Association's representatives who have urged improvement and maintenance are all entitled to the highest degree of praise for the perfect piece of work which has been achieved on the route in the state.

Mr. Bement left the party at East Liverpool, Ohio, and Mr. Ostermann will continue on over the Lincoln Highway to San Francisco gathering complete data relative to road conditions, and compiling an accurate and up-to-date log of the route.

Law of Newspaper Subscriptions.

Newspaper subscribers likely do not know the law protecting the publisher, and what follows will no doubt be news to many people. As will be seen by a careful perusal of the decision of the United States Court on this subject much trouble may be avoided and money saved. Here are the decisions:

- If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals without paying all that is due, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
- If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher and the papers are sent to the former address, they are held responsible.
- The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is evidence of intentional fraud.
- If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice at the end of the time if they do not wish to continue taking it.
- The latest postal laws are such that newspaper publishers can arrest any one for fraud who takes a paper and refuses to pay for it. Under this law the man who allows his subscription to run along for any length of time unpaid and then orders it to be discontinued or orders the postmaster to mark it "refused" and have a postal card sent notifying the publisher makes himself liable to arrest and fine.

IMPORTANT

It will be seen from this that not owning property does not excuse a man from the payment of the debt that he owes a newspaper publisher. The man who refuses to pay such a debt, thinking to escape paying because he has no property that can be levied on by a constable, justice of the peace or sheriff, is liable to a criminal prosecution on the charge of wilful fraud and may find himself in serious trouble.

Feeding Green Stuff to Poultry.

The Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, keen to be of service to all classes of people in the State, offers a new and unique way of supplying an all day, every day, source of fresh green stuff to chickens that cannot have grass range. This method evolved and first publicly advocated by W. Theo. Wittman, poultryman of the corps of Farm Advisers is the simple one of having a carrier attached to a lawn mower and feeding the lawn clippings emerging in a pan of fresh clean water. This method will soon prove that chickens are very fond of the wet grass and will be found feeding on it all day long; that the eggs will be larger and better, the yolk especially taking on a better color; that the grain feed cost will be lessened per dozen of eggs received and finally that there will be less sickness and deaths.

A Later Statement:

On February 14, 1916, Mr. Arendt said: "I never let a chance slip to say a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills. I can now say that the cure they gave me has remained permanent. I know of

PRESIDENT WILSON SPEAKS

TO THE ADVERTISING MEN OF THE COUNTRY

At Independence Hall in Philadelphia—A Talk Full of American Wisdom.

I understand, gentlemen, that you have associated yourselves together in order to promote candor and truth in the advertisement of your business. I wish very much, gentlemen, that candor and truth might always be the standard of politics, as well as the standard of business. I want to challenge your attention for a moment to this aspect of your own activities. I do not see how a man can devote himself to candor and truth in the promotion of a particular business without studying the life of the great nation to whom he addresses his advertising.

Must Understand People.

I do not see how a man can fail, having established the horizon of his business where the great hills of truth lie, to lift his eyes to the great multitude of laboring men and striving men who constitute a great nation like ours, and in the very act of addressing them, get in his own consciousness some part of the impulse of their life.

You can't commend your business to people that you do not understand and you cannot understand the people of the United States without wishing to serve them. And so I come to you with this thought, America is at a point, gentlemen, where it is more than ever necessary that she should understand her own ideals not only, but be ready to put them into action at any cost. It is one thing to entertain fine principles and another thing to make them work. It is one thing to entertain them in the form of words, like the splendid words which were uttered and gave distinction to this ancient historic building behind me, but it is another thing to do what those same men did, make those words live in the action of their lives. America is summoned in each new generation to renew not only the pledges that those men made, but to renew the example which they gave to the world.

Ready to Fight for Belief.

I am not interested, and I beg that you will believe me when I say that I have never been interested, in fighting for myself, but I am immensely interested in fighting for the things that I believe in. And so far as they are concerned, I am a challenger to all comers. It is important, therefore, since I am in fighting mood, to let you know what are some of the things that I do believe in. In the first place, I believe, and I summon you to show your belief in the same thing, that it is the duty of every American in everything that he does, in his business and out of it, to think first, not of himself or of any interest which he may be called upon to sacrifice, but of the country which he serves. America first means nothing until you translate it in what you do. And so I believe most profoundly in the duty of every American to exalt the national consciousness by purifying his own motives and exhibiting his own devotion.

And I believe that America, the country which we put first in our thoughts, should be ready in every point of policy and of action to vindicate at whatever cost the principles of liberty, of justice and of humanity to which we have been devoted from the first. You cheer the sentiment but do you realize what it means? It means that you have not only got to be just to your fellow men, but that as a nation you have got to be just to other nations.

It comes high, it is not an easy thing to do. It is easy to think first of the material interest of America, but it is not easy to think first of what America, if she loves justice, ought to do in the field of international affairs.

I believe that, at whatever cost, America should be just to other peoples and treat other peoples as she demands that they should treat her. She has a right to demand that they treat her in that fashion, but she cannot, with dignity or self-respect, insist upon that unless she is willing to act in the same fashion towards them. That, I am ready to fight for, at any cost to myself. And then, in the third place, touching ourselves more intimately, my fellow citizens, this is what I believe, if I understand the life of America, the central principle of it is this: That no small body

of persons, no matter how influential, shall be trusted to determine the policy and development of America.

You know what you want in your business. You want a fair field and no favor. You want to be given the same opportunity that others have, not only to make known what you have to sell, but to sell it under as favorable conditions as anybody else, and the principle of the life of America is that she draws her vitality not from small bodies of men who may wish to assume the responsibility of guiding and controlling her, but from the great body of thinking and toiling and planning men from whom she draws her energy and vitality as a nation, I believe, and this is the reason I am a Democrat, not merely with a big "D," but with a little "d."

Rap at Egotists.

I am all kinds of a Democrat so far as I can discover, but the root of the whole business is this, that I believe in the patriotism and energy and initiative of the average man. Some men say they believe in it, but when they act they show they don't. They show they think the only advice that is safe to take is their advice. There is no politics in this. I was not referring to any individual. But I could give you an interesting, very short list of a group of individuals who have that opinion, namely, that it isn't safe for the United States to escape from their control.

I feel perfectly safe in the hands of the average body of my fellow-citizens. You are bound to feel safe in their hands. If they don't believe in you, you can't sell anything. If they don't believe in you, you can't conduct your business. Your vitality comes from them to you. It doesn't go from you to them, and the theory of government which I decline to subscribe to is that the vitality of the nation comes out of positive counsels where a few men determine the policy of the country. And so, gentlemen, I feel at home in this company, not because I advertise, but because I have not principles that I am perfectly willing to expose to the public view. And because I want to express not only my sympathy with but my admiration for a body of men who think it is worth while to get together in order to tell the truth.

Sees Value of Truth.

The only thing that ever set any man free, the only thing that ever set any nation free, is the truth. A man that is afraid of the truth is afraid of the law of life. A man that doesn't love the truth is in the way of decay and of failure. And I believe that if you will just let the vitality that is in you and the enthusiasm that is in you run beyond the confines of the business that you may be interested in, you will presently feel that infinite reward as if the red blood of a whole nation came surging back into your own advance.

Can you imagine, my fellow-countrymen, a more inspiring thing than to belong to a free nation and make your way among men, every one of whom has the right and the opportunity to say what he thinks? Criticism doesn't hurt anybody. I heard an old politician once say to his son: "John, don't bother your head about lies and slander; they will take care of themselves, but if you ever hear me denying anything, you make up your mind it is so." And when you see a man wincing under criticism you may know that something hit him that was so, and, therefore, when they are saying the things that aren't true, there is no credit in keeping your head and not minding it.

Business and Ideals.

I have such an inveterate confidence in the ultimate triumph of the truth that I feel with old Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes that the truth is no invalid and you needn't mind how roughly you handle it. She has a splendid constitution, and she will survive every trial and every labor I have come, therefore, as I have abundantly showed you not to make a formal speech. If I could show you some of the things I have been obliged to do before I came here you would know that I couldn't possibly make a speech up, but merely to show my profound interest in a body of men who are not only devoted to business, but devoted to ideals.

Business is right so long as it isn't sordid, and it can't be sordid if it is shot through with ideals. A man, no matter how humble his business, can hold his head up among the princes of the world if, as they ought to do, he will think. As the servant of the people and not as their master, as one who would govern, I congratulate you, my fellow-citizens, upon the ideals of a profession which can lower or exalt business as you choose, and which you have chosen to employ for its exaltation. I came away from Washington to look into your

faces and get some of the enthusiasm which I always get when I come away from officialdom and touch hand to hand with great bodies of the free American people.

Infantile Paralysis.

Infantile paralysis is a disease that affects the nervous system. It often causes death, and again, the acute stage frequently subsides and leaves paralysis of one or more of the limbs that heretofore has often lasted through life.

To-day we do not know what causes the disease, therefore preventive measures must be broad. You must keep children away from insect life, such as flies, mosquitoes, fleas, bed bugs, ticks, ants, lice, etc. You should see that all rats and mice around the building are killed. Pet cats and dogs should be washed with a two per cent. carbolic acid solution to destroy insect life. Everything should be kept clean about the home, including the children's bodies and clothing.

Children should be fed well but not indulged in large quantities of water, ice cream or other frozen dishes on a full stomach, as that will often cause acute indigestion and render them susceptible to other diseases. In other words, the digestion should be guarded carefully.

Children should have plenty of sleep. They should not associate with other children that are sick. Their homes should be well ventilated but screened from flies, etc., and any flies that happen to enter the building should be killed. All food-stuffs should be protected from flies, dust, etc. Fruit and vegetables eaten raw should be thoroughly washed in clean water.

Children's mouths should be rinsed out and their throats gargled with Dobell's solution after each meal. If the children are too young to rinse or gargle, wash the mouth with a piece of fabric, muslin or linen, that has been dipped in Dobell's solution. Children should be kept out of crowded places and be denied the frequent access to crowded halls of entertainment during our present threat with epidemic.

The youngsters should not be permitted to sit on the damp ground nor have their bodies thoroughly chilled, day or night. They should not bathe in cold water until their circulation is interfered with and become chilly and blue.—Little Talks on Health and Hygiene by Samuel G. Dixon, M.D., LL.D., D.Sc., Commissioner of Health.

43 Counties Take Sheep on Shares.

The sheep raising scheme advanced by the State Department of Agriculture, is being taken advantage of by more farmers in the Southern part of the State than any other. Interest in the work, however, is general. Responses to the plan, as outlined in recent issue of this paper, have been received from forty-three of the sixty-seven counties.

Twelve counties have sent requests for large numbers of sheep, neighboring counties Adams, Bedford, Cumberland and York being in this list. Each farmer who has applied for sheep under the plan, will take ten ewes on the profit-sharing plan. About 200 requests for sheep have been received, which brings the prospective total up to 2000 ewes. Patton already has 5000 ewes in sight, and is convinced that many more than that will be necessary to accommodate all. Each farmer is to get all the wool and one-half the lambs produced annually by the ten ewes.

Patton expects to be able to announce before the end of this month whether sheep can be purchased.

As the backers of the scheme are buying at least 5000 sheep, they are getting a fair better price than an individual farmer could hope to get.

Patton wants to arrange that the farmer can buy his ewes at the pro rata price for the 5000, plus the freight. It already has been decided that, at the end of the first year, the farmer may purchase the sheep at the pro rata price originally paid by the owners, plus the freight. The lambs, however, will be kept until they are ready for market; then the fifty-fifty division of lambs will be made between the farmer and the owners.

The wool, however, is the farmer's own property.

Quick climatic changes try strong constitutions and cause, among other evils, nasal catarrh, a troublesome and offensive disease. Sneezing and sniffing, coughing and difficult breathing, and the drip, drip of the foul discharge into the throat—all are ended by Ely's Cream Balm. This honest remedy contains no cocaine, mercury, nor other harmful ingredient. The worst cases yield to treatment in a short time. All druggists, soc., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

SERVICE RECORDS PROVE DURABILITY OF RESURFACING

Using Old Brick Pavements as Foundations For New Wearing Surfaces Provides Good Streets at Fraction of the Cost of New Construction.

Some evidence as to the durability of asphalt pavements on old brick foundations has already been presented. Additional evidence is contained in this article. The question of the durability of such construction was raised in Canton last year. One of the councilmen of the city thoroughly investigated the resurfacing work done in Columbus, Toledo and Youngstown, and then told his fellow councilmen:

"As to the durability of a resurfacing construction when properly carried out, there can be no doubt. It is not a matter of theory, claim or contention.

"It is evident that it will be cheaper to use old brick pavements for foundation than to throw them away. That phase of the question hardly requires argument. I will leave it to any individual, if 8 or 10 inches of crushed

any money expended for maintenance so far.

"Bryden Road from Parsons Avenue to Ohio Avenue was resurfaced over old cobble stones with Trinidad asphalt in October, 1888. The cost of maintenance of this 12,573 square yards to January 1, 1915, has been one and seven-tenths of a cent per yard per year. The street is in good condition to-day and probably will be maintained at reasonable cost for several years longer."

In the face of such evidence as this it is not easy to see how any one can believe that any risk would be taken in providing for the covering of the city's old brick pavements with asphalt. This would give us smooth, durable, almost noiseless, easily cleaned and attractive pavements in place of the noisy, unsightly and unsanitary worn-out brick.

A new cement-grouted brick pave-

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S. S. Neely
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Descriptive folder and complete price list mailed on request.

DOUBLE SERVICE TIRE & RUBBER CO., AKRON, O.—Dept. C.2.

WILSON'S REMEDY
EFFICIENT IN
RONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA,
CATARRH, CIRRHES, TUBERCULOSIS, ETC.

From a Minister in New York: "I was very ill with lung trouble. My attorney was directed to the Wilson Remedy which I used with splendid effect."

From a lady in Michigan: "I used your medicine for 40 or 45 years ago and it has been of great service to me from ending my days with consumption. There would be no use of any medicine dying with consumption if my doctor could be persuaded to try Wilson's Remedy."

From a man suffering from ANY lung trouble it is your duty to investigate. Send for free full information to Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

Happiness and Dreams
beset by Disappointment

HAPPINESS

By ALLEN DAVIS

A CHAUTAUQUA
MORALITY PLAY

Happiness repels the familiarity of Money

Presented by the
COLLEGE PLAYERS



Pride sends Strength away

Happiness and Strength
bidding Dreams farewell



Happiness joints in the arms of Strength

DEATHS.

(Continued from page 1.)

ters, Sister Berchmans of St. Joseph's Convent, McSherrystown, Mrs. Lewis Klunk of McSherrystown, and Miss Kate Fleshman of Gettysburg, also survive. Funeral Tuesday morning at nine o'clock from St. Vincent's Church, Midway, interment at Conewago Chapel Cemetery.

Thomas Aumen died at his home in Union township near Scheivert's School House, last Saturday after a two week's illness of yellow jaundice aged 50 years, 6 months and 15 days. He was a son of the late John and Barbara Aumen of Baltimore. He was employed at the sales stable of H. A. Smith, Hanover, for a number of years. Five years ago he moved to Union township where he followed farming. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Eva de Cheubel of Howard county, Md., and four sons, Joseph, John, Francis and Leo, at home. One brother, John Aumen, of Baltimore, and one sister, Mrs. Catherine Cruse, of Baltimore, also survive. The funeral was held Tuesday morning from St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Hanover, with a requiem high mass by Rev. J. A. Huber, interment in St. Joseph's Catholic Cemetery.

Edna Weaver, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds D. Weaver, died at their home in Hanover last week after a few days' illness from scarlet fever. She was in the 22nd year of her age. Besides her parents she leaves a number of brothers and sisters. The remains were interred in Mt. Olivet Cemetery, Hanover. The Weaver family formerly resided on farms in the vicinity of Hampton and New Chester, and a little over a year ago removed from the W. H. Kohler farm in Oxford township, to Hanover.

Mary V. Watson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Watson of Hamilton township, died on last Saturday morning. She had been ill for several weeks still getting weaker until death came. She died from typhoid fever aged 14 years, 8 months and 11 days. She was a bright, intelligent, and amiable girl and will be greatly missed in her home. Everything along the line of medical treatment was done to restore her to health by her attending physician Dr. N. C. Trout of Fairfield, and by a trained nurse from York. Funeral services were held at her home on Monday, conducted by Rev. William Fleck of the Fairfield Lutheran Church, after which interment was made in the Fairfield Union Cemetery. She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Watson, two brothers, Harry Watson and Robert Watson, also two sisters, Hazel Watson and Rena Watson.

Mrs. Rosa Baum, wife of Jacob Baum, died at her home in York on Wednesday morning of last week after a protracted illness of several years. Death was the result of paralysis. Mrs. Baum was aged 57 years, 8 months and 12 days. She was a native of East Berlin, where she spent her early life. She was a daughter of the late Rudolph Kettnerman. She is survived by her husband, Jacob Baum, and the following children. Mrs. Dwight Wallack of Gettysburg, G. Harold Baum and F. Baum of York. The Baum family at one time resided at Abbottstown where her husband followed the tinning business.

Emanuel Wallack, a highly respected citizen and one of the oldest residents of York, died in that city on Wednesday morning of last week and was buried from the United Evangelical Church Friday. He was aged 88 years. Dwight Wallack, local representative of the Bell Telephone Company of Gettysburg, is a grandson of decedent.

Mrs. Jennie A. Horne, formerly of Cashtown, died on July 5th at her home in Bedford county aged 73 years, 2 months and 9 days. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Diehl, deceased, of Cashtown, and leaves three brothers, James Diehl and John Diehl of Cashtown, and Oscar Diehl of Bedford county.

Napoleon Bonaparte Carver, one of Hanover's oldest merchants died on Thursday of last week following an illness of two weeks from uremia, aged 84 years, 2 months and 20 days. He was born in Gettysburg the son of the late John and Gertrude Weigand Carver. At an early age he worked on the Bosselman farm near Gettysburg, later going to Hanover, where he learned the coach trimming business under the late John Althoff. He worked for a while in the shops of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, at Baltimore, upholstering passenger coaches. He later moved back to Hanover and for a while conducted a coach finishing shop. He entered the mercantile business in 1870 and has built up one of the largest and most prosperous department stores in Hanover. The business is conducted under the firm name of N. B. Carver & Sons. The business is now in charge of his son, E. Fred Carver. He was married in 1856 to Miss Josephine Matilda Stair of Hanover. His wife preceded him in death three years ago. From this union twelve children were born, but of this number only five survive. Daniel S. Carver, William D. Carver, Mrs. Charles Wagner and E. Fred Carver of Hanover, and Benjamin F. Carver of Rayonne, N. J. He was the last surviving member of his family.

He was a member of Co. I, 26th Pa. Vol. Inf. Emergency Regiment, and served for 60 days during the Civil War. Funeral was on Sunday afternoon, July 9, services by Rev. Geo. W. Nicely, interment on the family lot in Mt. Olivet Cemetery.

Elizabeth Shank Keagy, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Keagy of McSherrystown, died on Wednesday aged 1 year, 9 months and 22 days. The remains were taken to Lancaster county, where interment will take place.

(Continued on 8th page.)

REPORT

Of the condition of the National Bank of Arendtsville, at Arendtsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business June 30, 1916.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Loans and discounts..... | 121,289.96 |
| Overdrafts, unsecured..... | 117.79 |
| U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)..... | 25,000.00 |
| Other bonds, securities, etc. owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same..... | 22,062.50 |
| Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank..... | \$100.00 |
| Less amount paid 1050.00 | 1050.00 |
| Banking house, \$3870.36; furniture and fixtures | |
| \$808.08 | 4,678.44 |
| Due from Federal Reserve Bank..... | 2,750.00 |
| Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities..... | 4,171.31 |
| Due from banks and bankers..... | 1,038.50 |
| Outside checks and other cash items \$35.80; fractional currency, nickels and cents \$220.84 | 256.64 |
| Notes of other Nat. Banks | 170.00 |
| Lawful money reserve in bank: | |
| Coin and certificates..... | 3,057.70 |
| Legal-tender notes..... | 645.00 |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation) | 1,250.00 |
| Total..... | \$187,537.84 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Capital stock paid in..... | \$ 25,000.00 |
| Surplus fund..... | 10,500.00 |
| Undivided profits..... | 1,574.75 |
| Circulating notes..... | 24,600.00 |
| Individual deposits subject to check..... | 23,848.26 |
| Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days..... | 3,263.49 |
| Cashier's checks outstanding..... | 189.50 |
| Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice..... | 96,561.78 |
| Total..... | \$187,537.84 |

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:

I, S. A. Skinner, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. A. SKINNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of July, 1916.

P. S. ORNER, N. P.

My commission expires May 10, 1917.

W. E. WOLF

JAMES C. COLE

DAVID T. KOSER

Directors.

REPORT

Of the condition of the Gettysburg National Bank, at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business June 30, 1916.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|--|------------|
| Loans and discounts..... | 695,794.49 |
| Overdrafts, unsecured..... | 905.56 |
| U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)..... | 145,000.00 |
| Other bonds to secure postal savings..... | 2,000.00 |
| Other bonds, securities, etc. owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same..... | 381,283.45 |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank..... | \$15,400.00 |
| Less amount unpaid..... | \$7,700.00 |
| Banking house \$46,500; furniture and fixtures \$8,500 | 55,000.00 |
| Due from Federal Reserve Banks..... | 21,000.00 |

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis..... | 3,960.11 |
| Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities..... | 10,873.83 |

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Due from banks and bankers (other than above)..... | 10,635.75 |
| Outside checks and other cash items \$2502.61; fractional currency, nickels and cents \$50.85 | 3,008.46 |

| | |
|---|----------|
| Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank..... | 4,167.23 |
| Notes of other National banks..... | 5,980.00 |

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Lawful money reserve in bank: | |
| Coin and certificates..... | 21,157.50 |
| Legal-tender notes..... | 15,500.00 |

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation) | 7,250.00 |
| Total..... | \$1,391,285.38 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| Capital stock paid in..... | \$145,150.00 |
| Surplus fund..... | 110,000.00 |

| | |
|--|------------|
| Undivided profits \$40,108.87 | |
| Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid | \$4,517.09 |

| | |
|------------------------|------------|
| Circulating notes..... | 143,700.00 |
| Dividends unpaid..... | 170.00 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| Demand deposits: | |
| Individual deposits subject to check..... | 154,927.23 |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Certified checks..... | 75.00 |
| Cashier's checks outstanding..... | 13,595.51 |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| Postal savings deposit..... | 208.48 |
|-----------------------------|--------|

| | |
|--|------------|
| Time Deposits: | |
| Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice..... | 787,857.58 |

| | |
|------------|----------------|
| Total..... | \$1,391,285.38 |
|------------|----------------|

| | |
|---|--|
| State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS: | |
|---|--|

I, E. M. Bender, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. M. BENDER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of July, 1916.

W. M. L. MEALS, N. P.

Correct attest:

W. M. McSHERRY

C. L. LONGSDORF

WALTER H. O'NEAL

Directors.

ROUGH ON RATS ends RATS, MICE, Bugs. Die outdoors. Unbatable Exterminator. Used World Over, by U. S. Gov't too. Economy Size 25c or 15c. Drug & Country Stores. Retail substitutes. FREE. Comic Picture. R. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

MON SPRINGS.

The Hamiltonian School Board met at Fairfield in the High School building on Monday, July 3, and organized as follows: President, Joseph Musselman; Vice President, Wm. Watson; Treasurer, Wm. Allison; Secretary, O. B. Lightner. The fifth member of the board is Calvin Sanders. The present school board can congratulate themselves that the township is out of debt with several hundred dollars in the treasury.

Mr. Samuel Walter is making improvements upon his farm by having a new roof put on one side of his barn, new barn doors also a granary.

The Nary brothers are doing the built. The Nary brothers are doing the carpenter work.

Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Roth and two children from Bigerville recently visited Mrs. Roth's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allison.

Sent to Penitentiary.

In April of this year Dr. James C. Mewhenny was on trial at West Chester, charged with statutory rape upon a 15 year old girl. While his trial was proceeding and before concluded he became a fugitive from justice. The jury found the defendant guilty of the charge. Dr. Mewhenny roamed the country for nine weeks and last week surrendered himself for sentence. Judge Butler referring to the repeated shocking and shameless conduct of Mewhenny said it was necessary to pass a fitting sentence—to pay a fine of \$500 and costs and to serve not less than five years and not more than fifteen in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Over 30 years ago there was a student of same name in Gettysburg College. He was here two years, one in Prep and one in College, and afterwards took a medical course in Philadelphia. The information has been received that Dr. Mewhenny and former student are one and the same person.

Child Accidentally Shot.

On Tuesday near Round Top John Fox, 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Emory Fox, shot in play his 12-year-old cousin Martha Epley. The children were playing at the home of the boy. A revolver that had not been used since butchering was on the mantel piece. Two of the shots had missed fire at that time and the other had emptied and it was not thought to be dangerous. The boy did not know the revolver had a load in it and he got hold of it and in play pointing it at Martha Epley said, "I'm going to shoot you." The ball entered below the girl's right eye. H. M. Hartman being summoned rushed the little girl to the York Hospital and X-rays showed that the bullet took a downward course and it is believed no vital organ was reached. Hopes are entertained for the recovery of the child.



Prince Albert gives smokers such delight, because

—its flavor is so different and so delightfully good;
—it can't bite your tongue;
—it can't parch your throat;
—you can smoke it as long and as hard as you like without any comeback but real tobacco happiness!

On the reverse side of every Prince Albert package you will read:

"PROCESS PATENTED
JULY 30TH, 1907"

That means to you a lot of tobacco enjoyment. Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

PRINCE ALBERT

Copyright 1916
by R. J. Reynolds
Tobacco Co.

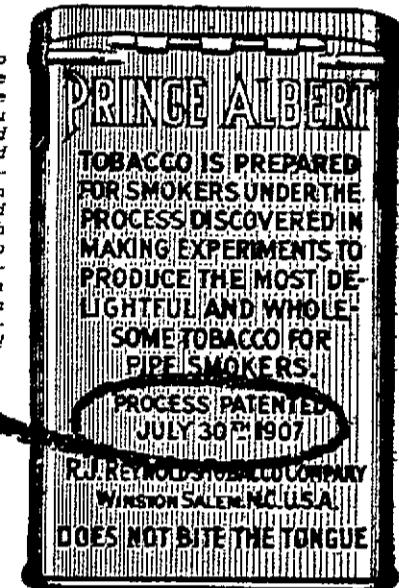
the national joy smoke

Y'ALL find a cheery howdy-do on top no matter how much of a stranger you are in the neck of the woods you drop into. For Prince Albert is right there—at the first place you pass that sells tobacco! The toppy red bag sells for a nickel and the tidy red tin for a dime; then there's the hand-some poser and hand-poured tin humidor and the hand-squeezed sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such bang-up trim all the time!

It answers every smoke desire you or any other man ever had! It is so cool and fragrant and appealing to your smokeappetite that you will get chummy with it in a mighty short time!

Will you invest 5c or 10c to prove out our say-so on the national joy smoke?

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



This is the reverse side of the Prince Albert tidy red tin. Read this "Patented Process" message to you and realize what it means in making Prince Albert so much to your liking.

G. W. Weaver & Son

Dry Goods Department Store

Our advertising features generally the lines of goods pertaining to Wearing Apparel or Household Furnishings of which we carry, as you know, a very large stock both in yard goods and made up ready for use.

In this connection we wish to call attention to the opportunities we have--at this season of the year particularly--of getting "closing out lots" in various lines **much under regular prices**--even in this day of continued higher prices--and this opportunity we pass over to our customers on the same basis of lower cost to them.

Gettysburg Compiler

Gettysburg, Pa.

W. ARCH. McCLEAN.....Editor

SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1916.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
WOODROW WILSON.For United States Senator,
ELLIS L. ORVIS.For State Treasurer,
JAMES M. CRAMER.For Auditor General,
JAMES B. MURRIN.For Congress,
A. R. BRODBECK.For State Senator,
THOMAS J. BRERETON.For Assemblyman,
D. C. RUDISILL.

IS THE BULL MOOSE DEAD?

The Bull Moose was not destined for a natural death. It was to be killed in the house of friends by those who had made use of it and it is a question whether the slaughter was successful either in Nation or State. The Colonel thought he had shot it in the head, but a party representing principles and a protest against machine standpatters can not be put out of existence in this way. In the State Bill Flynn took the role of executioner at a meeting of Progressives in Harrisburg this week. He had no scruples as a politician after spoils in getting out of the cold. By the manipulation of proxies authority was usurped to kill the Bull Moose. The vote not to organize the Progressive party was carried 23 to 21 and the endorsement of Hughes by 22 to 11. The Progressives who were in earnest in their protest against machine methods are giving their endorsements and approval to the President who stands for America First, Woodrow Wilson.

Prosperous Furniture Company.

The Reaser Furniture Company held the annual election of directors on Tuesday evening and re-elected the entire board as follows: Hon. S. McC. Swope, C. S. Reaser, S. F. Jacoby, Hon. E. P. Miller, John D. Keith, Esq., H. B. Bender, Hon. D. P. McPherson, R. W. Wentz, and R. M. Currens. Officers were then elected: President, Hon. S. McC. Swope; Vice President, Hon. D. P. McPherson; Secretary, R. W. Wentz; Treasurer, S. F. Jacoby; General Manager, C. S. Reaser; General Counsel, John D. Keith, Esq.

The Board of Directors voted a six per cent dividend on the capital stock to be paid September 1st, 1916. This is the first dividend of the company for several years, the profits being accumulated for the purpose of enlarging its plant and business. The capital stock is \$40,000 and at present according to reports made at the meeting the accumulated undivided profits are in excess of \$100,000.

The purchase of additional land west of the present plant from C. M. Wolf was authorized. On this land will be erected a portion of the large building on Hanover street formerly used as a skating rink and recently purchased by C. S. Reaser. The building after being re-erected will be used for general factory purposes.

PERSONALS.

J. Byron Horner of Brooklyn Mills has gone to Plattsburg, N. Y., where he will remain a month in the military training camp.

Burglars failing to find in Chief Justice J. Hay Brown's home the valuables carefully stored in a bank vault during vacation time tied an old pocketbook found containing one cent to the front door knob of his Lancaster home with a note, "A Chief Justice's wealth."

Rev. W. D. E. Scott, pastor of the Lutheran Church at Bendersville, broke his right arm at wrist while cranking his automobile engine.

On Tuesday the County Commissioners added \$1000 to the sinking fund for the retirement of so much of the debt of the county.

We are indebted to Col. John P. Nicholson, chairman of the Gettysburg National Park Commission for a copy of the new colored drawing of the Gettysburg National Military Park made February 1916, by Lieut.-Col. E. B. Cope, engineer.

Miss Virginia McCurdy returning to Gettysburg from Belafonte, has re-opened "The Quaint Shop" in the old Dobbins House on Steinwehr Avenue for the summer months. Miss McCurdy is staying at the Eagle Hotel.

Rev. Francis Called to Waynesboro.

Rev. John Milton Francis, D.D., of Sunbury has been elected pastor of the Waynesboro Lutheran Church and salary was fixed at \$2650. Rev. Francis is a son-in-law of Mrs. Harriet Toot, Baltimore street, and has a son in the Sophomore class of Gettysburg College. He graduated from the college here in 1888 and from the Seminary three years later. He is a native of Harrisburg and has successfully served pastorates at Louisville, Ky., Columbia City, Ind., Springfield, Ill., and Sunbury, Pa. His election to the Waynesboro charge was unanimous.

Rich Red

Blood

Is yours if you take HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA, which makes the blood normal red and white corpuscles; relieves pimples, boils, scrofula, salt rheum or eczema, catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, nervousness, that tired feeling.



WOODROW WILSON.

CHALLENGE TO HUGHES

By the Democratic Campaign Manager.

Where does Charles Evans Hughes, Republican candidate for President, stand on the issues of the day?

A bill of particulars will be welcomed by the electorate.

So far the Republican candidate, who in his acceptance telegram said he did not want the nomination, despite the fact that he was the only member of the Supreme Court Bench who hurried through all his cases in order to be ready to make the jump at a moment's notice, has contented himself with general criticisms.

In order that the Republican candidate may not be without a text for his more formal and leisurely acceptance address, it is suggested that he might answer the following questions:

Do you think that the President went too far or not far enough in the submarine controversy with Germany?

If you had been President, would you have used statesmanship and the usual diplomatic channels to preserve peace, or would you have gone to war with Germany?

What was the condition of the army and navy when Roosevelt left the White House after seven years of service?

What was the condition of the army and navy when Taft left the White House after four years of service?

How many ships were in the navy or building at the end of the Roosevelt Administration, and at the end of the Taft Administration?

How many men were in the army? What kind of a reserve was there? How many guns and how much powder were in reserve? How much industrial preparation was at hand?

Were wages higher or lower than now? Was labor as well satisfied?

What do you think of the naval consulting board and the industrial mobilization committee under Mr. Howard Coffin?

What do you think of the manner in which the Administration carried the country through the financial crisis that followed the outbreak of the European war?

Would you repeal the Federal Trade Commission act, the Federal Reserve system, and the rural credits and good roads bill?

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Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Louisa Wolf, late of Abbottstown Borough, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

CHAS. S. WOLF,
Executor,
Or his attorney, East Berlin, Pa.
Wm. Arch. McClean.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Ross White, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JOHN REED SCOTT,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. H. Berry, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

CHESTER O. CHRONISTER,
Executor,
Hampton,
Adams Co., Pa.
Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of F. W. Morrison, late of the Township of Straban, Adams County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

G. W. MORRISON,
Administrator,
Huntington.

Or his attorneys.
BUTT & BUTT,
Gettysburg, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Bream, late of the Township of Huntington, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them to

H. J. BREAM,
JOS. A. BREAM,
Executors,
Idaville, Pa.

Or his attorney.
Wm. Arch. McClean.

CAN YOU TALK TEMPERANCE?
If so
you can sell Insurance for the NATIONAL TEMPER-
ANCE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY and earn \$100 to
\$300 per month as special or General Agent in your
county. Experience not necessary. The only
Insurance Institution that does not insure the
Drinker. PROMOTION AND PERMANENT POSITION
to acceptable men that make good.

John D. Knapp, Sec'y, 95 William St., New York.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCIAL, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure takes internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

Paul Guise, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guise of Tyrone township, is slowly recovering from severe injuries received while riding a colt. Young Guise was returning home from the residence of his brother, Allen Guise, when the colt bucked and threw him off. The boy landed on his head and was knocked unconscious but revived enough to reach his home when he lapsed into unconsciousness, and they were unable to revive him for several hours.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Advertisement.

There has just been rescued from the scrap heap of the W. M. Railroad, a pair of car wheels considered of historic value because they helped to haul President Lincoln from Washington to Gettysburg when he delivered his famous speech. They were sent to Hagerstown with hundreds of other wheels and consigned to the scrap heap, and their discovery came about through one of the workmen being attracted by the date on the wheels, which shows that they were made in Wilmington, Del., on February 10, 1861. The wheels are seven inches wide, two inches wider than the standard wheels used to-day, and in good condition. It is probable that the W. M. will offer the wheels to the government to be placed among the Lincoln relics at Washington.

"URIC ACID
NEVER CAUSED
RHEUMATISM"

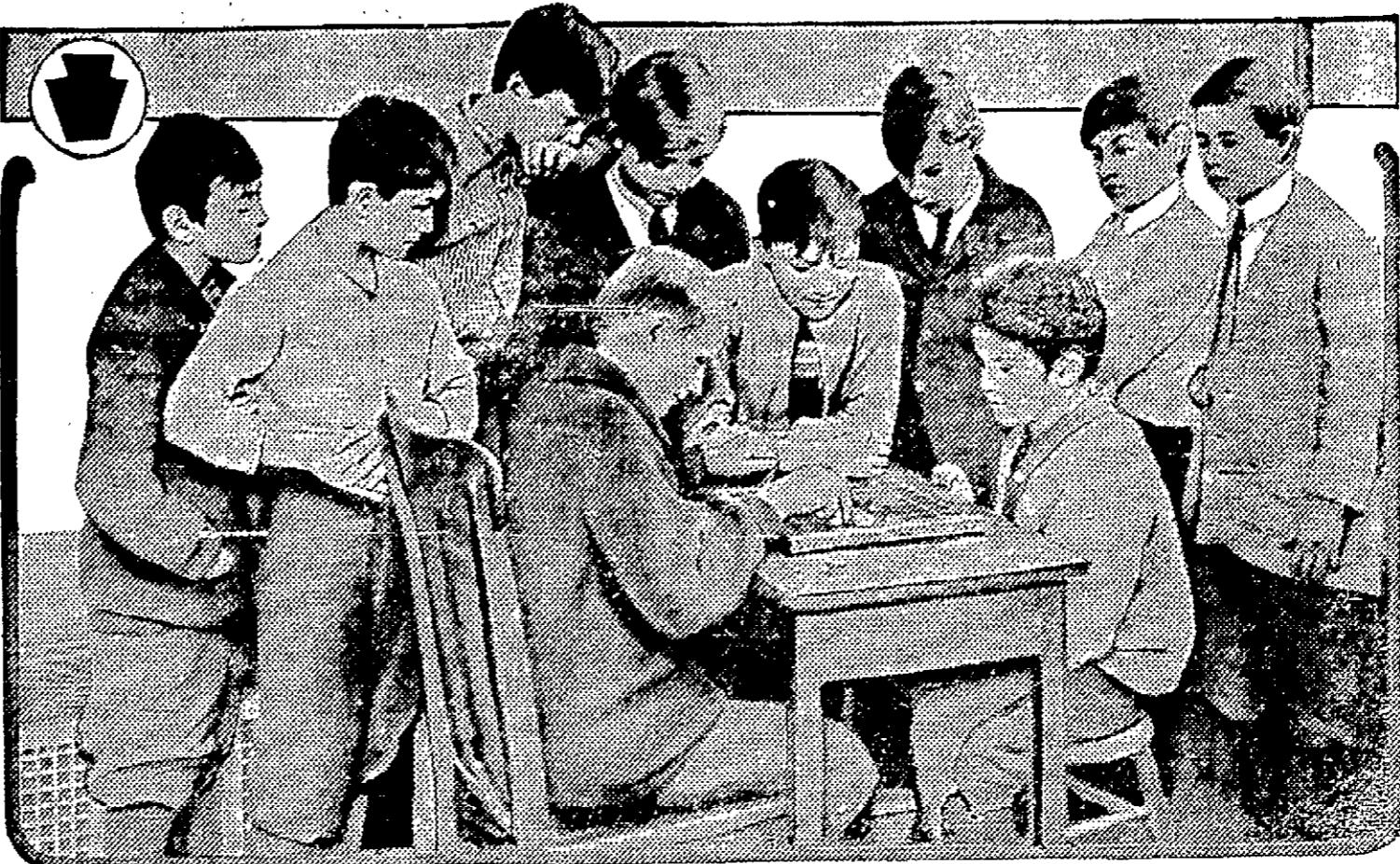
I WANT to prove to you that if you have Rheumatism, sciatica or chronic no matter what your condition will be day after day. I have a book on "URIC ACID, Its Cause and Cure." Thousands call it "The most wonderful book ever written." You send a stamp and I'll send it FREE. JESSE A. CASE, Brockton, Mass.

Dept. 941.

YOU should have a Kanawha or a Red Jacket Pump because they are SO EASY TO WORK—SO EASY TO FIX. A child can operate them, and when repairs are needed, you can easily do the work yourself. When you well & properly fitted with a KANAWHA or RED JACKET PUMP you'll be sure of having the best possible pump. Over forty years of success guarantees that we will build it correctly and to your satisfaction. If your dealer cannot supply you write direct to KANAWHA PUMP WORKS, Rawlings, Md.

Baltimore, Md.

DEFENDING HIS CHAMPIONSHIP



Behold the Junior Checker Champion of Mont Alto defending his title! Contests are necessary for healthy boys of all ages and these little chaps who have the misfortune to be suffering from tuberculosis are denied the privileges of strenuous exercise which serves youth in the majority of instances to settle all questions of superiority.

There are over a hundred boys between seven and fourteen years of age in the State Tuberculosis Sanatoria. They are a bright set of youngsters despite their physical handicap, and it requires no small amount of ingenuity to keep them occupied and happy.

Rest, fresh air, sunshine, and good food are the things needed to give them a fighting chance. Knowing the demands of childhood, however, Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, Commissioner of Health, has provided open air schools, nature studies, games and other recreations which will not overtax their bodies.

It is surprising what an amount of interest can be aroused in a game of checkers when the youthful contestants each muster their own crowd of admiring supporters.

To The Farmers
and Poultry Breeders

We are prepared to granulate corn and wheat into pure Baby Chick Feed, any size desired. We will keep on hand all grades of Poultry Feed at 2 cents per pound; Corn Meal 1 cent per pound. By using our pure Corn feed there will be 25 per cent less fatality among the chicks. We handle White Diarrhoea, Gap, Roup, Cholera, Limberback, and Lice Remedies.

S. S. W. Hammers

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary E. Jacobs, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

DANIEL C. JACOBS,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Or his attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean.

WE WANT a man or woman in every town where we are not already represented, to introduce BROWN HERBABLET guaranteed remedy for Consumption, Inflammation and Ulcers. Over 1000 prescriptions. Easy to learn, repeat orders. Permanent and permanent. Write for pamphlets, FREE SAMPLES and terms.

BROWN HERB CO., 66 Murray St., New York City.

Big and Little Bibles.

There are no fewer than 110 different editions of the Oxford Bible in English, varying from the magnificent folio edition for pulpit purposes to the "brilliant" Bible, the smallest edition of the Scriptures in the world. Of the revised version fourteen editions are published. More than a million copies of the revised New Testament had been ordered before the day of publication in May of 1881, and it is claimed that the workmen of the establishment refused a bribe of some \$4,000 to furnish a copy of the book before the day of issue. The largest folio Bible printed in Oxford measures 19 by 12 inches, and no erratum has as yet been found in it. The "Brilliant Text Bible" measures 3 1/2 by 2 1/2 inches and is three-quarters of an inch thick and bound weighs less than three ounces. Exchange.

Hops as a Vegetable.

"And after they had married in haste I suppose they repented at leisure." "No; they were perfectly consistent. They repented in haste also."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

No Change of Plan.

"And after they had married in haste I suppose they repented at leisure."

"No; they were perfectly consistent. They repented in haste also."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

A Mistake.

"That baby takes after its father."

"Oh, you don't know anything about its father. He never would leave anything behind for even a baby to take."

—Baltimore American.

Provision for others is a fundamental responsibility of human life.—Woodrow Wilson.

SHAKESPEARE AND SLANG.

Later Day Phrases That Were Used by the Immortal Bard.

"Good night," a terse ejaculation that has taken ranking position among the slang of the day, had its source in no less authority than Will Shakespeare. It took a Hamilton college student to discover that the magic words were frequently used in Shakespeare's plays and with as much variety of meaning as we have been giving to them.

The idea that "good night" has the mark of modernity, declares this student, "is a sad mistake. In act 1, scene 3, of the first part of 'King Henry IV.' Worcester says he will disclose a matter of Hotspur which is as full of peril 'as to o'erwalk a current roaring loud on the un steadfast footing of a spear.' To which Hotspur replies, 'If he fall in good night'."

Many other bits of modern vernacular are from Shakespeare, the student says, among them "Go to it!" "You cheese!" "I am for you," "Dead drunk" and plenty of others.

And regarding that once very favorite phrase, "Beat it" the student says this: "Every one from a former president to a newsboy has made use of these two words. Yet in act 2, scene 1, of 'The Comedy of Errors' Luciana exclaims: 'Tie! Beat it hence!'"—Hartford Courant.

How Sheridan Paid a Debt.

No one knew better the power possessed by a really polished compliment than Sheridan, and on innumerable occasions during that rather stormy theatrical management of his did he extricate himself from a difficulty by means of one. A good instance is the following: An English nobleman, who had married a beautiful actress once applied with much dignity in the green-room to Mr. Sheridan for the arrears of her salary and vowed that he would not stir till they were paid.

"My dear lord," said the impeccably managed, "this is too bad. You have taken from us the brightest jewel in the world, and you now quarrel with us for the little dust she has left behind her."

The nobleman immediately burst out laughing, and the debt was canceled—London Standard.

Wasted Talents.

The train robber suddenly appeared as many of the passengers were preparing to retire for the night.

"Come, shell out!" he demanded as he stood towering above an eastern clergyman who had just finished a devout prayer.

The minister looked at him sadly for a moment and then said:

"If I had such energetic fellows as you to pass the plate now and then I might have something to give you."—Harper's Magazine.

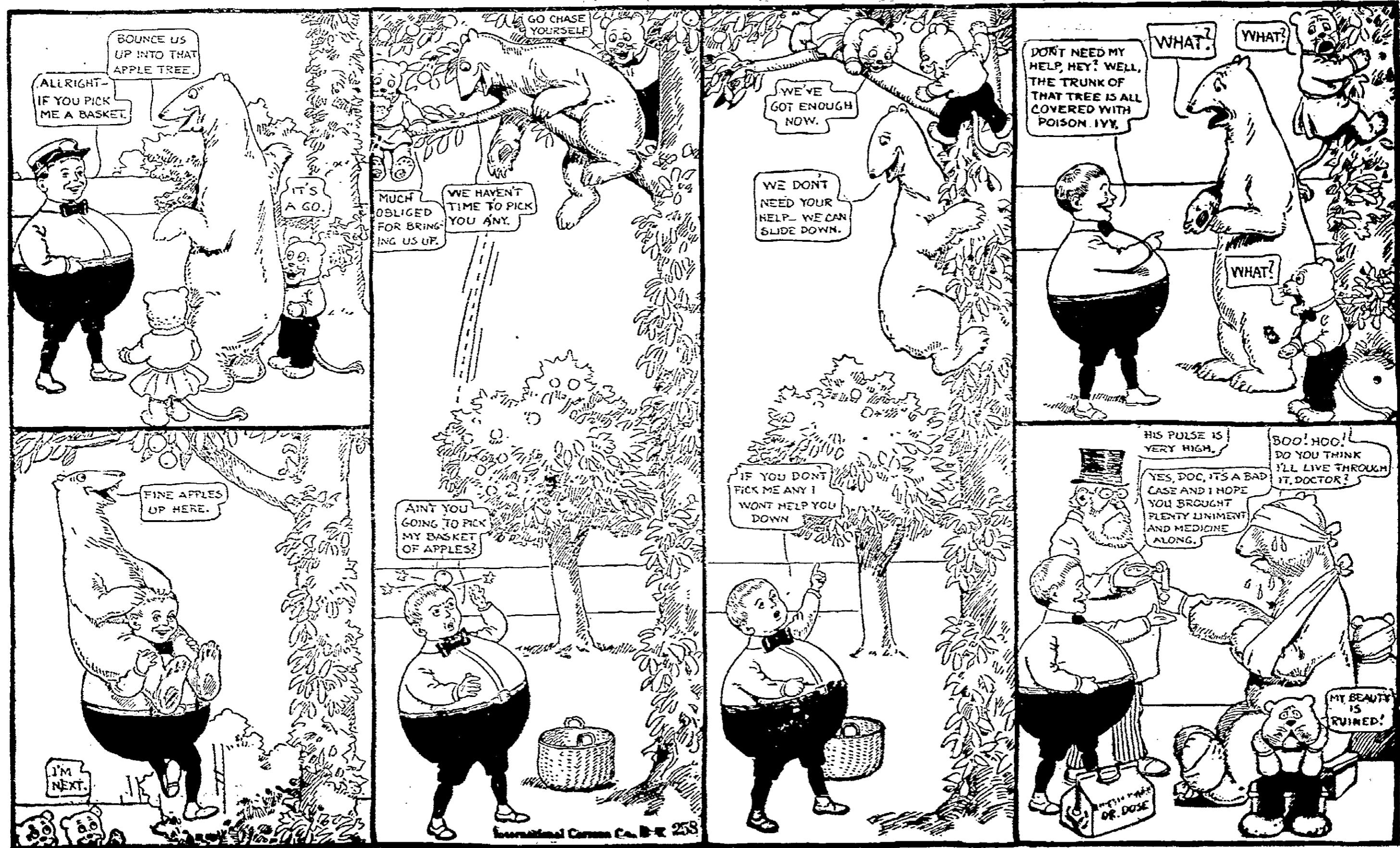
No Wonder.

A Kansas schoolteacher recently gave her pupils the task of writing a sentence to illustrate the use of the word "heroes."

Little Willie handed in the following sentence:

"A man sat down on a chair. There was a tack in the chair. He rose."—Exchange.

THE BUNCH DEFIES BILLY BOUNCE AND GETS SWIFT RETRIBUTION.



How She Proposed

A Story For Leap Year

By ELINOR MARSH

wanted. She wanted Professor Poland. But Professor Poland was in receipt of an income of \$1,500 a year and possibly might in the course of ten years be worth twice that to the cause of education. Miss Halliday knew very well that the modest young man would never have the assurance to propose for the hand of an heiress.

"I hope," she said to Professor Poland when they separated at commencement time, "that this will not end our acquaintance. I have always been greatly interested in your instruction and am indebted to you for having helped me through several examinations which would without your assistance have sent me home to finish my college course sitting round trying to look pretty. Mamma has directed me to invite you to spend a part of your vacation with us at our country place, and we shall look for you at an early date."

The invitation was followed up by one more specific, and in July Professor Poland found himself at Morris Glory—Belle had named the place from a flower she especially loved—a magnificent place in the center of spacious grounds and commanding a fine view of distant hills and nearby lakes. While Miss Halliday was in college she, like other students, was under his authority. It seemed to him now that the conditions were inverted. He appeared to himself nothing more than a pedagogue with so little income as to be barely able to tip the servants, while his former pupil was arrayed in "purple and fine linen" and occupying a social position to which he could never hope for an entree, and if he was granted an entree he would not be able to support it.

Miss Halliday's treatment of Professor Poland was calculated to throw him into a fever. She was not only gracious; she was as devoted to him as he would have been glad to be devoted to her were their positions reversed, lavishing on him such delicate attention as a woman will lavish on man she feels privileged to favor. In other words, a courtship was going on, in which the woman was doing the courting. The professor sometimes drifted, resigning himself to this delightful spell she was throwing about him, sometimes suddenly came to a realization that he was standing on the brink of a precipice.

Now, if women were the privilege proposers they would doubtless acquiesce far better than the men. At any rate, they are by a superior delicacy far better fitted for the purpose. To Miss Halliday what she was engaged in was as simple to her as the reconstruction of the Roman forum would have been to Professor Poland. When she was ready for his proposal she took him out into the garden and began to gather a bouquet of flowers.

"Are they for me?" asked the professor.

"For you? No. I'm going to be married."

The professor felt as if some one had knocked the life out of him.

"Who is the fortunate man?" he gasped.

"I'm not going to marry a man. I'm going to marry these flowers."

Several months had passed since Professor Poland had mentioned the Indian custom to his class, and it did not occur to him that Miss Halliday's words referred to what he had said. However, he was not afraid of such a rival and somewhat recovered his equanimity.

"Ole!" was his sole reply.

Belle went on collecting flowers for a posy and when she had done so made a dumb show of affection to them. There was a stable on the place and a well from which to draw water which was brought up by a pump. Belle went to the well, lifted a trap-door and threw her bouquet down into the opening. Then, without remark she sauntered back to the garden.

Now, Professor Poland was not quite stupid about the art of love as might be supposed. He attended Miss Halliday on her visit to the well, and when she led him to a vine clad recess and sat down on a rustic seat a vague connection between what she had done and the Indian custom he had embodied in his lecture found lodgment in his brain. He realized that this might be in lieu of a proposal. Surely it was not encouragement for him to propose. It was either a proposal or it was nothing. If it was a proposal it was incumbent on him to respond. If he responded and Miss Halliday's meaning nothing he would be in an unfortunate position. If she meant what he suspected and he made no response he would still be in an unfortunate position. What should he do?

His inclinations decided him.

"The honor you do me is, I assure you, fully appreciated. Since I love you and have loved you for some time it is not an absence of love that causes me to hesitate. It is the disparity of our incomes."

"That, I think, can be easily arranged to your satisfaction. I am ready to settle upon you."

"Tardon me! I cannot accept scillement. If I marry you I shall do so with the expectation of always remaining self supporting. If I am to be a rich woman's husband you must be a poor professor's wife."

"I shall be very proud of your standing in your profession and shall do nothing to turn you away from it and your enjoyment of it."

And so it was arranged that the professor should still occupy his chair at the university. This he did for a time. Then his wife was calling on him continually for some duty in connection with her estates, and at last, finding that such duties took up the principal part of his time, he resigned his professorship and devoted his whole time to the management of a property which had by this time come to want was very remote.

But Miss Halliday was bright enough to get what she wanted, and in one respect she knew very well what she

ORIGIN OF ORE DEPOSITS

Deep Down Hot Springs Form Veins of Precious Metals.

Steamboat Springs, Nevada, has figured prominently in discussions of the origin of ore deposits. The waters of these springs contain the precious metals in minute quantities, and the sinter deposited by them contains several minerals that are common constituents of ores, as well as small quantities of many of the rarer metallic constituents of ore deposits, including gold and silver.

Such springs, therefore, suggest that many and perhaps most ore bearing veins have been formed by hot waters rising from great depths, which have brought their metal contents up in solution and deposited them in open spaces or fissures in the rocks through which, the waters passed, the deposition of some ores being influenced by chemical reaction with the surrounding rock. Many ore deposits are undoubtedly formed in other ways, for some are unquestionably of sedimentary origin, and the metal content of some others has been carried down, redeposited and concentrated by rain water that descended into the earth's crust but the "hydrothermal" origin—that is their deposition from ascending hot water—of many of the more valuable ore deposits is indicated by the close relation observed at many places between mineral veins and eruptive rocks. Thermal waters are believed to be, in part at least, given off by slowly cooling and solidifying masses of igneous rock (magma) deep within the earth.—Geological Survey Bulletin.

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Roy Kling, the 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kling, residing at the New Oxford Flouring Mill, had the bone of his right arm broken close to the wrist on Tuesday afternoon. The lad was on the top of a load of hay coming from the field to the barn, and while passing through the covered bridge spanning the creek, he attempted to grab some object on the bridge timbers and losing his balance fell to the floor.

Traveling Man's Experience.

"In the summer of 1888 I had a very severe attack of cholera morbus. Two physicians worked over me from four a.m. to 6 p.m. without giving me any relief and then told me they did not expect me to live; that I had best telegraph for my family. Instead of doing so, I gave the hotel porter fifty cents and told him to buy me a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and take no substitute. I took a double dose according to the directions and went to sleep after the second dose. At five o'clock the next morning I was called by my order and took a train for my next stopping point, a well man but feeling rather shaky from the severity of the attack," writes H. W. Ireland, Louisville, Ky. Obtained and concentrated by rain water that descended into the earth's crust but the "hydrothermal" origin—that is their deposition from ascending hot water—of many of the more valuable ore deposits is indicated by the close relation observed at many places between mineral veins and eruptive rocks. Thermal waters are believed to be, in part at least, given off by slowly cooling and solidifying masses of igneous rock (magma) deep within the earth.—Geological Survey Bulletin.

Advertisement.

The mail boxes in use now on the rural routes may be used as long as they are serviceable and the owners are satisfied with them, but all boxes put up after July first must conform to the new type recently selected by the department.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of
Dr. Fletcher
Advertisement.

J. Guyon Wierman, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wierman of Arendtsville, has enlisted in Co. D, First Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, and has gone to Columbus, New Mexico.

It is made to travel in a certain direction in a fixed time and to explode when it strikes some solid object, such as a ship's bottom. A torpedo of the largest and most modern type will tear a gaping hole in the stanchest ship ever built. The nose or "explosive head" of a torpedo contains the deadly charge of high explosives, nitroglycerin, and gunpowder being oftenest used.

When the torpedo strikes its target a tremendous detonation follows instantaneously, driving in both the outer and inner "skins" of a vessel. The hole it makes in a ship's bottom varies in size, but is seldom less than ten by thirty feet. The torpedo travels to ward its victim at the rate, roughly, of about a thousand yards a minute. The distance and rate of speed have to be calculated to a nicely before the torpedo is discharged. It is kept to its destined course by perpendicular rulers in its tail.

The modern "dirigible" torpedo was first used in a naval war during the Chilean revolution of a quarter of a century ago.—New York World.

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